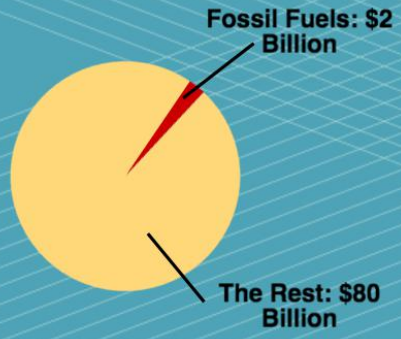


# The Financial Case for Fossil Fuel Divestment

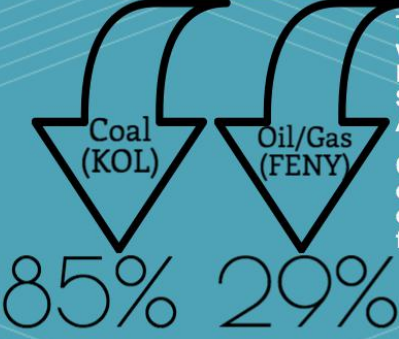
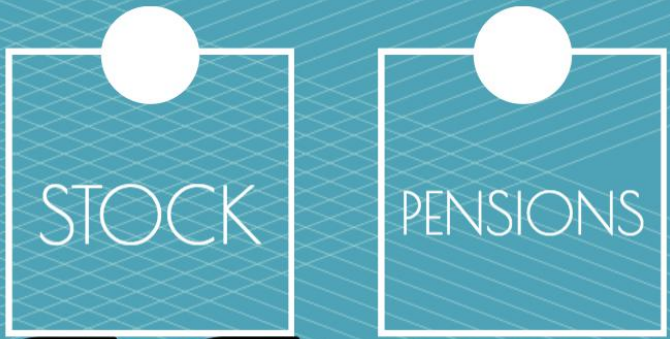
A study by the Aperio Group found that divestment posed a 0.0101% risk for portfolios. That level of risk is deemed negligible.

MN State Board of Investment



If present trends continue, these investments could put public employee pensions at risk because of many factors, including:

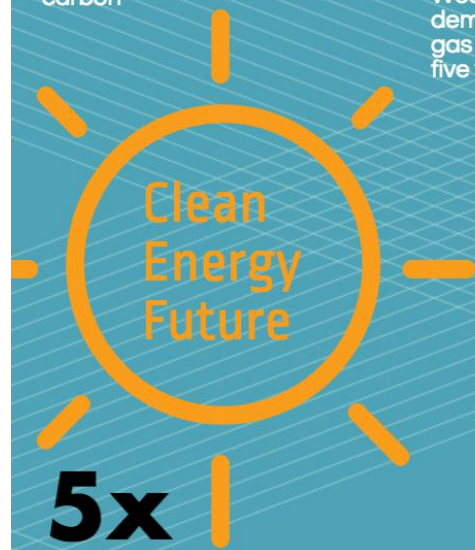
- o Declining profitability of fossil fuels
- o Cost-competitiveness of renewables
- o Regulations being put on carbon



The two largest pension funds in the world, the California Public Employees Retirement System and the California State Teachers Retirement Association are divesting from coal.

65 other pension funds, in the US and around the world, have divested from coal or the Top 200 fossil fuel companies.

Weak prices and crumbling demand have led to coal, oil and gas stocks declining over the past five years.

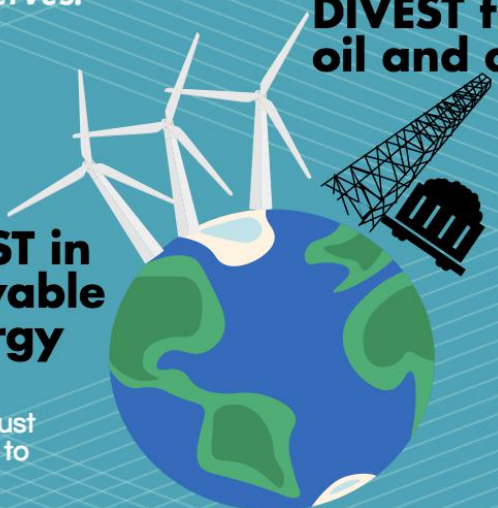


The world's biggest fossil fuel companies have 5 times more carbon than we can burn in order to maintain a livable climate.

If you thought these numbers would incentivize fossil fuel companies to stop emitting carbon you'd be wrong. According to Bloomberg Business, over \$241 million is spent each day looking for new fossil fuel reserves.

**DIVEST from oil and coal**

**INVEST in renewable energy**



**80%** 80% of carbon reserves must stay in the ground in order to maintain a safe planet.